

PB-28 Environmental Quality Funding

Class	Component	Location	EnvironmentalPillar	EnvironmentalProgramArea	EnvironmentalActivity	TreasuryCode	ProgramElement	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020
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FY2021	FY2022
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Instructions

- 1) Provide domestic and foreign environmental quality costs for compliance, conservation, and pollution prevention by program element and resource type and by Environmental Program and Activity categories described below.
- 2) Provide all appropriations (Treasury Codes) to include Defense Working Capital Funds (DWCF). DWCFs are not additive to the TOA and will appear in a separate section in formal reports provided by SNaP.
- 3) Provide narrative in MS Word format to explain compliance, pollution prevention, and conservation program changes between fiscal years.
- 4) Report costs in thousands (\$000).
- 5) Organizations required to support this exhibit are shown in SNaP Appendix A.

Definitions

Class: System Field: Classification

- C:** CONFIDENTIAL
- C/NF:** CONFIDENTIAL//NOFORN
- F:** FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
- S:** SECRET
- S/NF:** SECRET//NOFORN
- U:** UNCLASSIFIED

Component: Identifies the duty status for military service units and defense agencies.

- Active:**
- DADW:** Defense Area Defense Wide. Used by non-service defense agencies.
- Guard:**
- Reserve:**

Location: (Closed List) Select Domestic or Foreign for the location of the funded activity.

- Domestic:** Inside the United States, District Of Columbia and U.S. Territories.
- Foreign:** All areas outside Domestic. Environmental activities in foreign countries address equivalent requirements found in Final Governing Standards (FGS), The Overseas Environmental Baseline Guidance Document (OEBGD), Status of Forces Agreements, or other applicable international agreements. Costs associated with contingency operations are not included.

EnvironmentalPillar: (Closed List) environmental pillars represent the broadest division of responsibility within an Environmental organization

- Compliance:**
- Conservation:**
- Pollution Prevention:**

EnvironmentalProgramArea: (Closed List) Environmental program areas associated with the three environmental pillars (Compliance, Conservation and Pollution Prevention). The budget exhibit submitted to Congress will only contain detail at this level.

Air:
Archaeology:
Compliance Cross-Cutting Programs:
Compliance Manpower:
Compliance Other:
Compliance Related Cleanup:
Conservation Cross-Cutting Programs:
Conservation Manpower:
Cultural Resources Other:
Historic Structures:
Integrated Natural Resource Planning:
Listed and At-Risk Species:
Natural Resources Other:
Planning:
Pollution Prevention Manpower:
Pollution Prevention Other:
Pollution Prevention Projects:
Storage and Disposal:
Toxic Substances:
Water:
Wetlands:

Environmental Activity: (Closed List) Environmental activities associated with environmental program areas. This level of detail will not be used for congressional reporting. Data entered at this level will only be reported to OSD.

Air Pollution Reduction: (part of Pollution Prevention Projects) Federal agencies reduce air pollutants by reducing releases of toxic and hazardous chemicals. INCLUDES – This category includes funding to perform source reduction, in-process recycling, and post-process recycling.

Archeological/ Curation: (part of the Archaeology Program) The National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) requires the Department of Defense (DoD) to take into account the effects of its actions on historic properties (to include archaeological sites, districts, linear resources, and landscapes) that are eligible for or listed in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). Section 110 of NHPA requires DoD to establish a preservation program for the identification, evaluation, and protection of historic properties. Section 106 of NHPA requires DoD to determine whether a proposed activity has the potential to adversely affect historic properties that are eligible for or listed in the NRHP, and to consult with the appropriate State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), the public, Federally recognized Indian tribes/Native Hawaiian Organizations (when appropriate) and afford the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation an opportunity to comment on the undertaking. DoD must also comply with the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA) and Federal archaeological curation standards (i.e. 36 CFR 79). INCLUDES - This category includes funding to prepare archaeological surveys, inventories, and evaluations; manage and curate artifacts and associated records; obtain permits; and conduct monitoring, site stabilization and mitigation, such as the development of public outreach tools, educational materials, and agreement documents.

Compliance Education and Training: (a Cross-Cutting Program) Education and training funds include those funds provided to civilian and military employees for the purposes of professional development, required certifications, and awareness.

Compliance Manpower: Manpower includes U.S. government civilian salaries, the U.S. funded portion of local national civilian salaries, the DoD funded portion of state employee salaries (e.g., National Guard Bureau employees), and military manpower costs applicable to management of the environmental compliance program. EXCLUDES – This category excludes contract costs. Contract costs shall be reported in the appropriate sub-program/activity area(s).

Conservation Education and Training: (a Cross-Cutting Program) Education and training funds include those funds provided to civilian and military employees for the purposes of professional development, required certifications, and awareness.

Controlled Substances: (part of the Toxic Substances Program) The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) regulates the introduction of new or already existing chemicals. TSCA specifically regulates polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) products, asbestos, lead-based paint, and the management of radon gas. INCLUDES – This category is intended to capture costs to inventory, sample, and dispose of PCBs; dispose of asbestos and lead-based paint (when not part of a renovation or maintenance project); and perform radon surveys when driven by state requirements.

Cultural Resources Manpower: (part of Conservation Manpower) Manpower includes U.S. government civilian salaries, the U.S. funded portion of local national civilian salaries, the DoD funded portion of state employee salaries (e.g., National Guard Bureau employees), and military manpower costs applicable to management of the environmental compliance program. EXCLUDES – This category excludes contract costs. Contract costs shall be reported in the appropriate sub-program/activity area(s).

Environmental Impact Analysis: (part of the Planning Program) Compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA); Executive Order (E.O.) 12114, Environmental Effects Abroad of Major Federal Actions; and DODD 6050.7 "Environmental Effects Abroad of Major Department of Defense Actions," require federal agencies to assess the potential environmental impact of proposed actions and allows for federal agency and public comment on the assessments. NEPA analyses must be completed before an action is implemented. The primary assessment report is the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). INCLUDES – This category includes centrally-funded and MILCON NEPA activities, as well as costs associated with managing NEPA compliance programs; conducting Environmental Impact Analysis; performing Environmental Assessments; completing Environmental Baseline Surveys (CERCLA 1230(h)); and related efforts such as modeling noise contours, and conducting cultural or natural resource studies to support the analysis. EXCLUDES – This category excludes proponent funded actions.

EPCRA Reporting (TRI and Tier I&II): (part of the Toxic Substances Program) The purpose of the Emergency Planning Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) is to encourage and support emergency planning efforts at the state and local levels and to provide the public and local governments with information concerning potential chemical hazards present in their communities. Installations are required to report to the Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) to provide public awareness of toxic chemical releases affecting air, land, and water. In addition, facilities covered by EPCRA must submit an Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form to the Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC), the State Emergency Response Committee (SERC), and the local fire department annually. Installations must submit either a Tier I or Tier II form and meet additional state requirements. EPCRA compliance also includes support for an installations hazardous material management system. INCLUDES – This category includes funding to conduct inspections; prepare inventories; prepare and submit reports (e.g. TRI, Tier I, Tier II, etc.); collect samples; and conduct monitoring and analysis.

Geospatial Information Systems (GIS) and Information Technology (IT): (a Cross-Cutting Program) This category is intended to capture costs associated with electronic tools that support multiple programs or activities. Examples include Information Technology (IT) systems and Geospatial Information Systems (GIS) maps and metadata. Spatial data will be acquired over time to support compliance cleanup and environmental management programs. GIS is a cost effective and efficient means for the Environmental staff to integrate effective management of state and federal laws and regulations with facilities management, and construction plans.

Hazardous Material / Hazardous and Solid Waste Reduction: (part of Pollution Prevention Projects) Federal agencies preferentially use P2 solutions to reduce hazardous waste generation and correct and prevent noncompliance with environmental regulations. INCLUDES – This category includes funding needed to perform source reduction, in-process recycling, and post-process recycling. EXCLUDES – This category excludes costs associated with (QRP).

Hazardous Waste (RCRA - C): (part of the Storage and Disposal Program) The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Subtitle C (RCRA-C) establishes controls on the management of hazardous wastes from their point of generation, through their transportation and treatment, storage and/or disposal. INCLUDES – This category includes funds used to prepare Hazardous Waste (HW) Management Plans; perform closure activities; treat and dispose of regulated wastes; conduct inspections, collect samples; conduct monitoring and analysis; obtain hazardous waste disposal permits; and pay associated fees.

Historic Built Environment: (part of the Historic Structures Program) The National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) requires the Department of Defense (DoD) to take into account the effects of its actions on historic properties (to include buildings, archaeological sites, and landscapes) that are eligible for, or listed in, the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). Section 110 of NHPA requires DoD to establish a preservation program for the identification, evaluation, and protection of historic properties. Section 106 of NHPA requires DoD to determine whether a proposed activity has the potential to adversely affect historic properties that are eligible for, or listed in, the NRHP, and to consult with the appropriate State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), the public, Federally recognized Indian tribes/Native Hawaiian Organizations (when appropriate) and afford the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation an opportunity to comment on the undertaking. The Historic Built Environment category encompasses actions to comply with the various provisions of the NHPA relative to buildings, structures, linear resources, historic districts, and historic landscapes. INCLUDES – This category includes funding to prepare architectural surveys and inventories, conduct historic context studies and prepare historic structure reports; produce adaptive reuse plans and maintenance and treatment plans; perform mitigation measures such as development of public outreach tools and HABS/HAER/HALS documentation; and produce educational materials and agreement documents. EXCLUDES – This category excludes building maintenance, repair, and construction.

Integrated Natural Resources Planning: The Sikes Act requires the Department of Defense (DoD) to carry out programs for the conservation and rehabilitation of natural resources via preparation and implementation of Integrated Natural Resources Management Plans (INRMPs) for all installations with "significant natural resources" in cooperation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the states. Military installations develop plans that will effectively conserve fish and wildlife resources and promote compatible outdoor recreation, while enhancing military preparedness through improved stewardship of the land. INCLUDES – The category includes funding needed to perform habitat and species inventories; produce management plans (e.g., INRMP); monitor (e.g., invasive species, vegetation, fish and wildlife); obtain permits and fees; conduct public outreach; perform general flora, fauna and habitat management; control invasive species; manage and conserve fisheries and forests; control erosion; purchase equipment; and perform equipment maintenance. EXCLUDES – This category excludes activities funded by reimbursable conservation programs.

Marine Mammal Protection: (part of the Listed and At-Risk Species Program) The Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) prohibits, with certain exceptions, the hunt, capture, kill, or harassment of marine mammals in U.S. waters and by U.S. citizens on the high seas, and the importation of marine mammals and marine mammal products into the U.S. INCLUDES – This category includes funding to perform assessments and conduct studies of habitat and species; perform species inventories; obtain permits and pay associated fees; conduct mitigation and monitoring; and submit reports.

Miscellaneous Compliance Activities: This category includes any activities that do not belong in another Compliance category. Examples of activities to include are: Integrated Pest Management Plans, compliance assessments [AF ESOH Compliance Assessment and Management Program (CAMP), Army Environmental Performance Assessment System (EPAS), Environmental Management Systems (EMS)], and operational ranges outside the US. Also includes the purchase of general supplies and equipment.

Miscellaneous Cultural Resources Activities: This category includes any activities that do not belong in another Cultural Resources category or encompass more than one Cultural Resources category. INCLUDES: This category includes funding to develop and revise management plans such as Integrated Cultural Resource Management Plans (ICRMPs) and land use plans; develop Programmatic Agreements for overall Cultural Resources program management of an installation, Program Alternatives (per 36 CFR 800.14), and equipment.

Miscellaneous Natural Resources Activities: This category includes any activities that do not belong in another Natural Resources category. Examples of activities to include are: activities related to the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA). MBTA requires protection of migratory birds including "any part, nest, or egg of any such bird." BGEPA prohibits the "take" (broadly defined) of bald or golden eagles. Also includes the purchase of general supplies and equipment.

Miscellaneous Pollution Prevention Activities: This category includes any activities that do not belong in another Pollution Prevention category. INCLUDES – Examples of activities to include are: P2 education, training, supplies, and equipment. EXCLUDES – This category excludes efficiency efforts like energy conservation and fuel use reductions where the primary driver is cost savings rather than environmental protection. Also includes the purchase of general supplies and equipment.

Multi-Program Management: (a Cross-Cutting Program) Multi-Program Management includes contracts supporting multiple program areas that cannot be designated to specific programs (e.g., OMB Circular A-76 contract awards).

Natural Resources Manpower: (part of Conservation Manpower) Manpower includes U.S. government civilian salaries, the U.S. funded portion of local national civilian salaries, the DoD funded portion of state employee salaries (e.g., National Guard Bureau employees), and military manpower costs applicable to management of the environmental compliance program. EXCLUDES – This category excludes contract costs. Contract costs shall be reported in the appropriate sub-program/activity area(s).

Other Compliance-Related Assessment and Cleanup: (part of the Compliance-Related Cleanup Program) In some cases, DoD may be responsible for assessing and taking actions at DoD sites that are not eligible for the Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP). Examples of sites in this category include National Guard sites on state land, and non-DoD, non-operational defense sites (NDNODs). INCLUDES – This category includes costs to conduct Operational Range Assessments, in accordance with DoDI 4715.14.

Overseas Remediation: (part of the Compliance-Related Cleanup Program) DoD performs overseas cleanup as authorized under DoDI 4715.08 and in compliance with International agreements with host-countries.

Pollution Prevention Manpower: Manpower includes U.S. government civilian salaries, the U.S. funded portion of local national civilian salaries, the DoD funded portion of state employee salaries (e.g., National Guard Bureau employees), and military manpower costs applicable to management of the environmental compliance program. EXCLUDES – This category excludes contract costs. Contract costs shall be reported in the appropriate sub-program/activity area(s).

Safe Drinking Water: (part of the Water Program) In accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act, installations must protect the quality of all waters actually or potentially designed for drinking use, whether from above ground or underground sources. INCLUDES – This category includes funding for activities to ensure the drinking water supply is safe, such as controlling corrosion, conducting vulnerability assessments, obtaining and complying with permits, paying permit fees, conducting monitoring and analysis, collecting samples, and making system upgrades necessary to comply with new environmental requirements. This category is also intended to capture funding for activities that protect water sources, such as wellhead protection measures and underground injection controls to prevent contamination of surface and subsurface areas surrounding a water source. EXCLUDES – This category excludes funding for water conservation projects, maintenance and repair, capacity upgrades, distribution costs, and utility fees.

Solid Waste (RCRA - D): (part of the Storage and Disposal Program) The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Subtitle D (RCRA-D) regulates non-hazardous solid wastes. INCLUDES: This category includes funding used to develop Integrated Solid Waste Management Plans; prepare landfill closure designs (but not construction); conduct post closure monitoring of landfills; monitor, oversee, and report landfill compliance; obtain and renew landfill permits, recycling permits, and USDA permits for treatment of foreign garbage; and pay fees charged to an installation to fund regulatory oversight or to protect compliance. EXCLUDES - This category excludes operating costs for Qualified Recycling Programs (QRP), and utility fees such as landfill tipping fees or solid waste disposal costs.

Spill Prevention and Response/ASTs: (part of the Water Program) Defense missions require the storage and use of hazardous substances, including petroleum products. In order to prevent spills of those substances and mitigate environmental damage -- particularly to water sources -- if a spill occurs, installations must comply with 40 CFR 112,

40 CFR 300, 33 CFR 1251, 33 CFR 154, Executive Order 12580, the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990. In addition to federal requirements, certain state regulations also require installations to prevent oil spills, chemical accidents, and other emergencies, as well as planning and response requirements. **INCLUDES** - This category includes costs to prepare Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) plans and Facility Response Plans (FRP); obtain permits, pay permit fees, conduct monitoring and analysis, and collect samples. This category is also intended to capture activities related to management of aboveground storage tank (AST). For example, include funding to clean up leaks and spills; install and maintain secondary containment; purchase spill response equipment (e.g. skimmers, booms, etc.); conduct tests; perform upgrades, install, test, and maintain leak detection; and conduct spill response exercises.

Stationary and Mobile Sources: (part of the Air Program) In order to protect the quality of our nations air resources and the earths ozone layer, installations must comply with environmental laws and international treaties that regulate and control air emissions from area, point, and mobile sources. In particular, the Clean Air Act (CAA) established National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) and exposure limits. CAA and state equivalent regulations also address the permitting, emission, and reduction of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP) via the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP); New Source Performance Standards (NSPS); New Source Review (NSR); Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD); Risk Management Plans (RMP); and/or Green House Gas (GHG) controls. **INCLUDES** - This category includes funding for activities that ensure compliance with regulated emission limits for vehicle and industrial operations such as electrical power plants, fuel dispensing and storage operations, open burning and dust suppression. This category also includes costs to obtain permits, pay fees, conduct monitoring and analysis, and collect samples.

Stormwater: (part of the Water Program) In accordance with the Clean Water Act, installations must comply with storm water permits that regulate discharge or management of pollutants to Waters of the U.S. Permits establish pollutant discharge levels as well as monitoring and reporting requirements. **INCLUDES** – This category includes funding for activities to ensure stormwater discharges comply with permit requirements, such as obtaining permits, paying permit fees, conducting monitoring and analysis, collecting samples, and preparing Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans. **EXCLUDES** – This category excludes utility costs and utility fees.

Threatened and Endangered Species; Candidate Species and Species at Risk or Concern: (part of the Listed and At-Risk Species Program) The purpose of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) is to conserve listed species and the ecosystems upon which they depend. As a federal agency, the DoD is required to identify and conserve the threatened or endangered species on its lands or in its waters, or where it manages lands. **INCLUDES** – This category includes funding to manage habitat and species; comply with biological opinion requirements; and perform species research, biological assessments, and implement conservation measures; collect and manage data; conduct inventories; conduct public outreach; prepare an Endangered Species Management Plan; and conduct monitoring and mitigation.

Tribal Consultation/ Repatriation: (part of the Archaeology Program) The Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) requires DoD to identify, inventory and repatriate defined Native American cultural items (e.g., human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony) to lineal descendants, and culturally affiliated Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations. These cultural items are identified through assessment of archaeological collections or through inadvertent discovery during project implementation. The process involves consultation to identify parties potentially associated with identified cultural items and to develop repatriation Plans of Action and Comprehensive Agreements. NAGPRA does not apply to overseas installations. The National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) and several Executive Orders and Presidential Memoranda require the Department of Defense (DoD) to consult with federally recognized Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations in advance of a federal action. The American Indian Religious Freedom Act (AIRFA) requires DoD to provide access to sites and resources considered sacred by Native American tribes that are located on DoD installations. **INCLUDES** – This category includes funding to develop tribal consultation plans; repatriate NAGPRA related items; develop agreement documents associated with tribal consultation, provide logistics support for the tribal consultation program; and provide access and escorts for tribal members who wish to visit sacred sites located on DoD installations.

USTs (RCRA - I): (part of the Storage and Disposal Program) Management of underground storage tanks (UST) that store petroleum or hazardous materials is regulated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Subtitle I. The law requires owners to prevent, detect, and cleanup releases. **INCLUDES** – This category includes funding used to conduct inspections; provide operator training; enforce delivery prohibitions; install, monitor, and maintain secondary containment and leak detection systems; clean up releases; obtain permits; pay permit fees; conduct monitoring and analysis; and collect samples.

Wastewater: (part of the Water Program) In accordance with the Clean Water Act, installations must comply with clean water permits (industrial wastewater, domestic wastewater, and pesticides) that regulate discharge or management of pollutants to Waters of the U.S. Permits establish pollutant discharge levels as well as monitoring and reporting requirements. **INCLUDES** – This category includes funding for activities that ensure wastewater discharges comply with permit requirements, such as obtaining permits, paying fees, conducting monitoring and analysis, and collecting samples. **EXCLUDES** – This category excludes utility costs and utility fees. Note: CWA Section 401/404 permit costs associated with wetlands are captured under Natural Resources/Wetlands.

Water Pollution Reduction: (part of Pollution Prevention Projects) Federal agencies improve water quality by reducing toxic and hazardous chemicals discharged to waters of the U.S. **INCLUDES** – This category includes funding to perform source reduction, in-process recycling, and post-process recycling.

Wetlands: Wetlands monitoring and protection is driven by a number of federal, state, and local government regulatory and permitting, programs to include the Clean Water Act, Sections 401 and 405. **INCLUDES** – This category includes funding to obtain permits; perform wetlands inventories; conduct monitoring, assessment, and wetlands

mitigation (preservation, enhancement, and restoration). Preservation, enhancement, and restoration of wetland habitats may be required to establish credit that will offset future mitigation requirements. EXCLUDES - This category excludes restoration required as compensation for project impacts (i.e. MILCON or FSRM)

TreasuryCode: Treasury Code is a defined set of four-to-six digit numeric codes from the Comptroller that identifies resource types. The list of Treasury Code values can be found on the SNaP web site website by clicking the "Instructions" tab, then selecting the "Documents". (<https://snap.cape.osd.mil>).

ProgramElement: The Program Element is a primary data element in the Future Years Defense Program (FYDP) and generally represents aggregations of organizational entities and related resources. The PE is up to ten-digits in length, a seven-digit numeric identifier followed by up to three-digits alphanumeric code for FYDP organizations. The list of Program Element codes and titles values can be found on the SNaP web site <https://snap.cape.osd.mil> by selecting the Instructions/Documents menu.

Business Rules

- 1) N/A

DRAFT

Data Matrix: Environmental Pillar, Environmental Program Area, Environmental Activity Relationship

Environmental Pillar	Environmental Program Area	Environmental Activity
Compliance	Air	Stationary and Mobile Sources
	Compliance Cross-Cutting Programs	Compliance Education and Training
		Geospatial Information Systems (GIS) and Information Technology (IT)
		Multi-Program Management
	Compliance Manpower	Compliance Manpower
	Compliance Other	Miscellaneous Compliance Activities
	Compliance Related Cleanup	Other Compliance-Related Assessment and Cleanup
		Overseas Remediation
	Planning	Environmental Impact Analysis
	Storage and Disposal	Hazardous Waste (RCRA - C)
		Solid Waste (RCRA - D)
		USTs (RCRA - I)
	Toxic Substances	Controlled Substances
		EPCRA Reporting (TRI and Tier I&II)
	Water	Safe Drinking Water
		Spill Prevention and Response/ASTs
		Stormwater
Wastewater		
Conservation	Archaeology	Archeological/ Curation
		Tribal Consultation/ Repatriation
	Conservation Cross-Cutting Programs	Conservation Education and Training
	Conservation Manpower	Cultural Resources Manpower
		Natural Resources Manpower
	Cultural Resources Other	Miscellaneous Cultural Resources Activities
	Historic Structures	Historic Built Environment
	Integrated Natural Resource Planning	Integrated Natural Resources Planning
	Listed and At-Risk Species	Marine Mammal Protection
		Threatened and Endangered Species; Candidate Species and Species at Risk or Concern
Natural Resources Other	Miscellaneous Natural Resources Activities	
Wetlands	Wetlands	
Pollution Prevention	Pollution Prevention Manpower	Pollution Prevention Manpower
	Pollution Prevention Other	Miscellaneous Pollution Prevention Activities
	Pollution Prevention Projects	Air Pollution Reduction
		Hazardous Material / Hazardous and Solid Waste Reduction
	Water Pollution Reduction	

Data Matrix: Environmental Pillar, Environmental Program Area Relationship

Environmental Pillar	Environmental Program Area
Compliance	Air
	Compliance Cross-Cutting Programs
	Compliance Manpower
	Compliance Other
	Compliance Related Cleanup
	Planning
	Storage and Disposal
	Toxic Substances
	Water
Conservation	Archaeology
	Conservation Cross-Cutting Programs
	Conservation Manpower
	Cultural Resources Other
	Historic Structures
	Integrated Natural Resource Planning
	Listed and At-Risk Species
	Natural Resources Other
	Wetlands
Pollution Prevention	Pollution Prevention Manpower
	Pollution Prevention Other
	Pollution Prevention Projects

Subject Matter Experts: For questions regarding this exhibit, please submit a SIRS Functional issue in SNaP, or contact the Subject Matter Expert. A list of SMEs is available in SNaP by clicking the SME link on the Instructions/Data Requirements page.

Technical Issues: To report technical issues with the SNaP web site, please submit a SIRS Technical issue in SNaP, or contact the Technical Staff. A list of the SNaP Technical personnel is available on the SNaP Home page.